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Theming: How Discussions Follows Your Site Theme and Fonts



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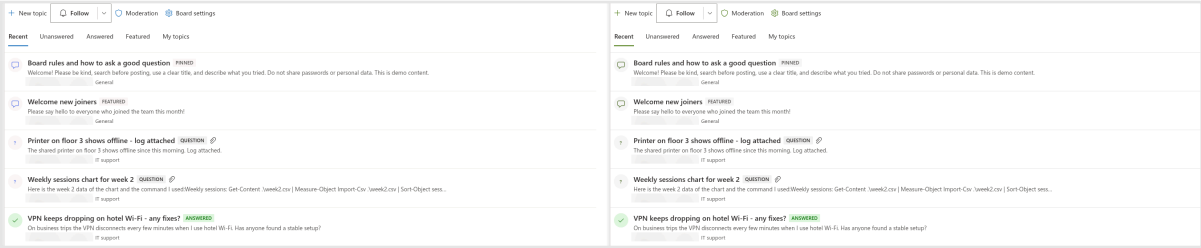
Overview

The Discussions web parts have no colour or font settings of their own. Instead they take the theme of the page they are placed on - the **site** theme, the background of the section and the font of the site - and the **Microsoft Teams** theme when they run as a tab or a personal app. This makes a board look like the rest of the intranet without any configuration and keeps it readable when the site theme changes. This article describes exactly which parts of the theme are used and where, so you know what to expect when you change the look of a site.

How the theme reaches the web part

When a page renders, **SharePoint** Framework hands the **web part** the current theme - the site theme or, inside a page section with its own background, the theme variant of that section. The web part copies a fixed set of **theme slots** into CSS custom properties on its root element (`--bodyText`, `--link`, `--primaryButtonBackground` and so on), and its style sheet refers to those properties. Whenever the theme changes - a site owner picks another theme, a page author changes a section background, Teams switches to Dark - SharePoint re-renders the web part and the properties are written again.

Both web parts are built with Fluent UI, so the standard controls on the page (the **view** tabs, drop-downs, the search box, buttons, the command bar, message bars) are themed by Fluent UI itself; the custom properties cover the parts the product draws on its own - topic rows, badges, the reply tree, the editor.



The board under two site themes

Theme slots and where they are used

The web part copies the following slots of the theme. The table lists the ones visible in the interface; a few more are copied for Fluent UI controls (the accent and primary button states, card shadows, disabled borders, the button background and text, `neutralSecondary`).

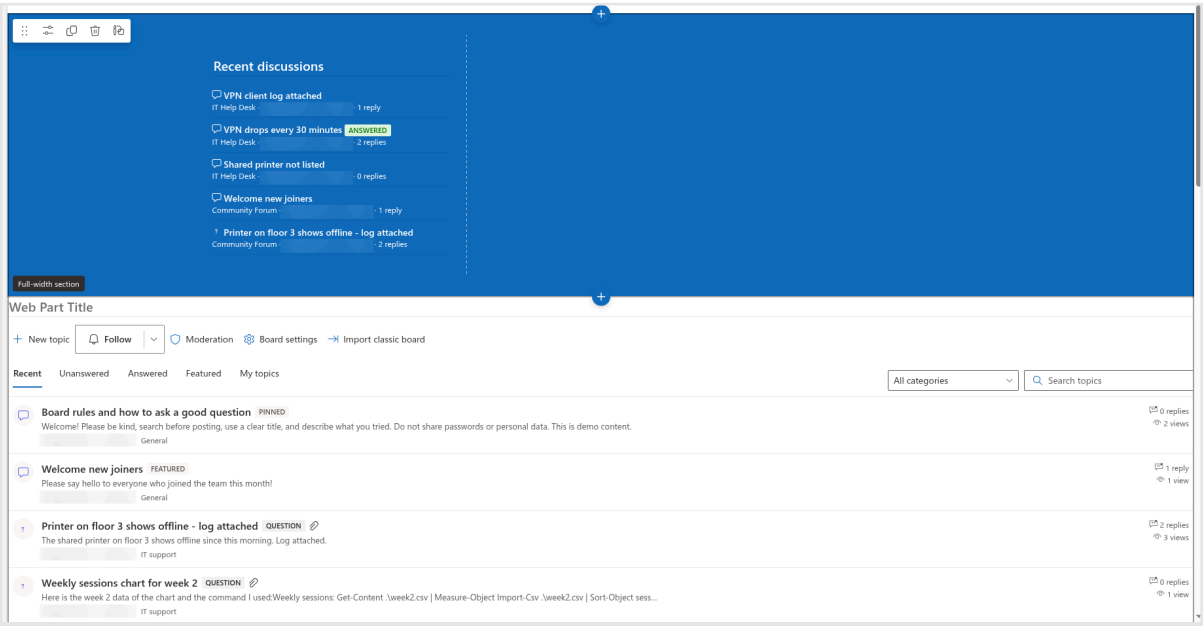
Theme slot	Used for
`bodyText`	Topic titles, post text, the web part title, the text of the Not Configured screen
`bodySubtext`	Metadata lines (author, time, category), excerpts, counters, placeholders, quotes
`bodyBackground`	The editor area
`bodyStandoutBackground`	The hover colour of topic rows, the type icon circle, neutral badges, the editor toolbar, code blocks, the highlighted item in the mention **list**
`bodyFrameDivider`	The lines between topic rows, the border of the topic body, the left border of nested replies, the editor border, quote borders, the title input in edit mode
`link`, `linkHovered`	Links in posts, the hover colour of topic titles, the focus border of the editor
`accent`	The type icon of topics, the **Like** button after the current user has liked
`primaryButtonBackground`, `primaryButtonBackgroundHovered`, `primaryButtonText`, `primaryButtonBorder`	**New topic**, **Post**, **Create board** and other primary buttons
`successBackground`, `successIcon`, `successText`	The *Answered* and *Accepted answer* badges, the icon of answered questions, the background of the accepted answer
`infoBackground`, `infoIcon`	The *Question* and *Awaiting approval* badges, the marker of pending items
`errorBackground`, `errorText`	The badge showing the report count in the moderation queue

The names are the slots of the Fluent UI theme, the same ones SharePoint derives from the primary colour of the site theme. A custom site theme created with the

Theme Generator sets all of them, so any theme - not only the built-in ones - colours the board consistently.

Section backgrounds and full-width sections

Both web parts declare support for **theme variants**. When a page author gives a section a background (**Section background**: *Neutral*, *Soft*, *Strong*), the web part receives the variant for that background and recolours itself - on a *Strong* background the text becomes light and the dividers follow suit. The **Discussions** web part additionally supports **full-width sections** of communication sites; the **Discussions Activity** web part is meant for narrow columns and does not.



The web parts on sections with different backgrounds

The site font

If the site uses a custom font (**Change the look** → **Font** on a site, or a brand font set through the **SharePoint brand center**), SharePoint publishes it to the page as the CSS variable `--fontFamilyCustomFont100`. The web part reads that variable and applies the font to everything it draws - titles, rows, posts and the editor. Without a custom font the variable is empty and the web part inherits the font of the page, which is Segoe UI on SharePoint. Code blocks always use a monospace stack (Consolas, Courier New).

Note

The **Not Configured** screen, shown while a board is being created or selected, uses the standard Segoe UI stack rather than the site font. Everything readers see after the board is configured follows the site font.

Microsoft Teams

As a channel tab or a personal app, the web part reads the theme of the Teams client instead of a SharePoint theme:

Teams theme	What the web part uses
Default (light)	A fixed light palette matching Teams: dark text, blue links and buttons, light dividers
Dark	A fixed dark palette: white text, translucent white links and accents, dark grey backgrounds and dividers
High contrast	The light palette

The switch is immediate: changing the Teams theme in the client settings re-renders the tab. In Teams the site theme of the underlying SharePoint site is not used, so a board looks the same in every team regardless of the site's theme. Adding the web part to Teams is described in KB10393. How to Add Discussions to Microsoft Teams.

Right-to-left languages

When the language of the site is a right-to-left language (Arabic, Hebrew), the web part sets the text direction of its root element to right-to-left: the toolbar, the counters, the reply tree and the editor mirror accordingly. The direction follows the site language, not the browser language.

Language of the interface and dates

The web part labels — views, buttons, badges and column names of created lists — support multiple languages, including English, Russian, Latvian, German, French, Japanese, Dutch and Spanish. The interface and relative times (such as *3 hours ago*) follow the supported locale for the user's SharePoint UI language, with English as the

fallback for unsupported languages. The texts of topics and replies are, of course, whatever the authors wrote. Since version 26.10.3, hovering over the relative time on a topic and on each reply shows the full date and time in the long localized format, in the time zone of your browser - for example *October 29, 2026 10:15 AM* on English sites and *29 октября 2026 г., 10:15* on Russian sites. The relative times in the topic list, in the Discussions Activity web part and in the moderation queue have no such tooltip.

What cannot be changed

- There is no colour picker, theme override or custom CSS option in the property pane; the only way to change colours is to change the site theme or the section background.
- The icons of topic types (a speech bubble for discussions, a question mark for questions, a check mark for answered questions) and the badge texts are fixed.
- The layout - the toolbar, the row structure, the position of the counters - is fixed; the display settings in KB10422. Views, Paging, Search and Counters: Display Settings of the Discussions Web Part decide which elements are shown.

Tip

If a board must stand out from the rest of the page, place it in its own section with a *Soft* or *Neutral* background and give the web part a title - the web part adopts the section's variant automatically, with no risk of unreadable text on a dark background.

Terms

List
A list is a storage unit in SharePoint. A list can contain columns of different types, content types, and views. A document library is a special type of list and therefore inherits the functionality of a list.

Microsoft Teams
Microsoft Teams is a chat-based collaboration platform for business communications with features for online meetings, live events, and document sharing.

SharePoint
SharePoint is a web-based collaboration platform that provides content management, document management, workflow applications, search, and other tools that empower employees and teams to work together. SharePoint is also a secure place to store, organize, and access shared information.

SharePoint Brand Center
The SharePoint Brand Center is a centralized tool that helps organizations manage and maintain their branding assets, such as logos, colors, and fonts, ensuring consistency across SharePoint sites. It streamlines the branding process, allowing teams to easily access and use the correct materials for creating branded content.

Site
A SharePoint site is a container for information within the SharePoint platform. Sites typically offer features such as document libraries, lists, calendars, discussion boards, and workflows, facilitating collaboration, communication, and document management within teams or across departments. Sites can be customized and configured to suit the specific needs and workflows of an organization.

View
A view is a saved configuration that determines which items of a list or library are displayed and how, including the columns, sorting, filtering, grouping, and layout. Views can be personal or public.

Web Part
A web part is a primary building block of functionality or content placed on a

Terms

SharePoint page. Some web parts support customization, such as configuring the web part or changing its appearance.